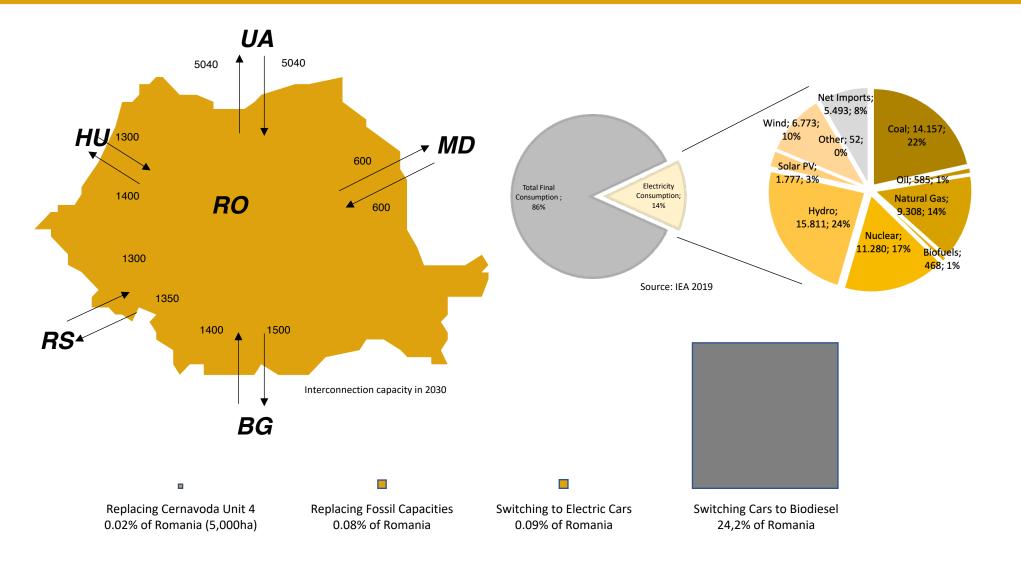


"Solar becomes the new King of Electricity" IEA, 2020

Romanian Solar Summit 2021

Climate Challenge and Solar Opportunity





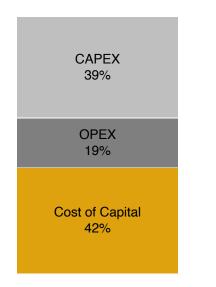


HIGH

		LOW	MEDIUM
SOLAR YIELD	1300 kWh/kWp (S Romania), 30% higher than Germany, similar to N Italy		•
COAL LEGACY	Significant share of coal (23.5% in 2019, EIA) with avg. age 42 years in electricity mix – 1.26 GW (e.g. Mintia, Govora II) due to be de-commissioned by 2025 – already imports of 2.5% in 2019		•
SOLAR BASE	Low Solar Base – Installed capacity 1397 MWp in 2020 (1760 GWh or 3.14% of total production)		•
SPOT PRICE	Attractive DAM prices on avg. EUR 5 - 10/MWh higher than W Europe		•
DEMAND GROWTH	Low per capita electricity consumption (3.1 MWh in Romania vs. 7.3 MWh in Germany, 2019, Our World in Data)		•
SOLAR POTENTIAL	NCEP Target of 5100 MWp by 2030 still well below EU per capita targets (279 W/capita vs. 758 W/capita), Solar Power Europe calls Romania's potential "one of the highest in Europe"		
REGULATORY FRAMEWORK	PPA market in its infancy, no RES auction for market premium/contract for difference	•	



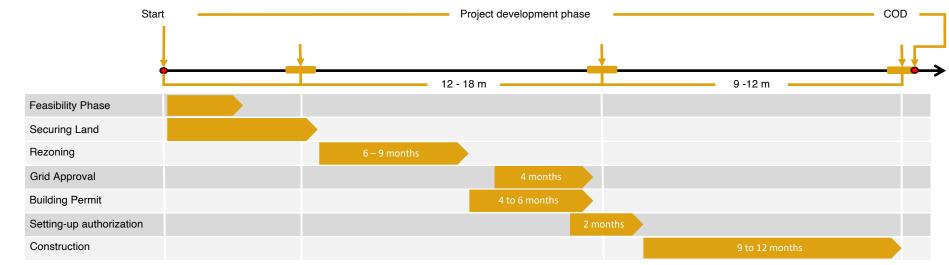
Levelized Cost of Electricity



- Cost of capital main ingredient for feasible PV project
- Low capital costs a prerequisite for an expansion of solar capacity in Romania
- Cost of capital in Romania one of the highest in EU
- Prerequisites to lower capital cost:
 - Supporting emergence of private PPA market
 - Initiating government backed PPA through auctions (contract for difference, market premium)
 - Regulatory Stability

Project Development Process and Challenges





Challenges:

Land Title

High Due Diligence Effort Restrictions for Agricultural Land

Rezoning

Release from the Agricultural Circuit

Grid Approval

Regulatory Changes annouced